

3,358 Horses and Carriages
Advs. were Published
in the Morning WORLD during
the first quarter of 1890, against
1,072 during the first quarter of
1889.

Always Examine The World before
Buying a Horse or Carriage.

READ "HOUSES, ROOMS AND APARTMENTS" "WANTS" IN THE MORNING WORLD.

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, APRIL 3, 1890.

21,154 Houses, Rooms and
Apartments Advs.
Published in THE WORLD dur-
ing the first quarter of this year,
25 per cent. more than any other
paper.

MOVING TIME IS NEAR.

PRICE ONE CENT.

LAST EDITION ESCAPED JUSTICE.

Corrupt Sheriff's Officers Again De-
nounced by the Grand Jury.

Bribery Unpunished Because of
Defects in the Law.

A Strong Presentment, Calling for
Penal Code Amendments.

The Grand Jury finished its work to-day for the term by bringing in another scathing presentment against the administration of the Sheriff's office.

It was read to Judge Fitzgerald in Part I. of the General Sessions by Foreman R. H. Hill, who asked that copies be sent to Gov. Hill and the Legislature.

Judge Fitzgerald promised to do this and then discharged the Grand Jury, after thanking them on behalf of the public for the excellent work which they had accomplished.

The presentment states that since the filing of the presentment of March 25th, in the matter of the Sheriff's office and Ludlow Street Jail, the Grand Jury have continued their investigations into the abuses therein referred to. Additional evidence has been taken and the conclusions expressed in that presentment are adhered to and reiterated.

By reason of defective penal laws some of the grossest acts of corruption in the Sheriff's office cannot be made the subject of prosecution. The Grand Jury recommended immediate legislative action to provide for means of punishing acts of corruption committed by public officers and their subordinates.

The list of the presentment is as follows: "The Grand Jury respectfully request that the criminal laws demand a prompt revision in order that acts of this class shall receive proper punishment."

"Instances of individual depravity, involving the acquisition of personal gain under circumstances warranting extreme measures, have been numerous in the department under investigation, but except the condemnation of honest people the perpetrators have escaped a penalty."

"The provisions of the Penal Code relative to the receiving of gratuities and rewards for doing or omitting to do official acts or the performance of official duty apply only to executives and administrative officers; not to the Sheriff, Deputy Sheriff, or other persons connected with the affairs of the Sheriff's office."

"The provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure are likewise so defective that they do not cover all cases where gratuities are received by officers or subordinates who are actually engaged in the performance of their duties."

"These provisions and others intended to cover all cases where gratuities are received by officers or subordinates are actually evaded by the persons against whom they were applied. It is respectfully recommended that the Legislature amend the Code of Civil Procedure so as to provide for the punishment of all persons who receive gratuities for doing or omitting to do official acts or the performance of official duty."

BIG THEFTS OF SILK GOODS.

Lord & Taylor Systematically
Robbed by an Employee.

Over \$10,000 Worth of Goods Sold
to "Tenderloin Precinct"

Detective Sergeant Armstrong and Wool-dridge of Inspector Byrne's staff, have made a rich haul.

Their prisoners are Thomas McKelroy, a porter in the wholesale department of Lord & Taylor's store at Broadway and Twentieth street, who is charged with stealing thousands of dollars worth of silk stockings and other articles of expensive fabric, under-ware from his employers, and Joe Homaine, of 73 Division street, the receiver of the stolen property.

They were arraigned before Justice Mc-Mahon at the Tombs this morning. McKelroy is a stoutly built man of about thirty, and owns a scrubby red mustache. He has been in the employ of Lord & Taylor since 1880, but was never suspected of dishonesty till lately.

Joe Homaine was arrested a few months ago on the charge of stealing a man named Martin in a house of ill-repute in West Thirty-second street. Coroner Levy investigated the case and the jury came to the conclusion that Martin had stabbed himself.

It now appears that McKelroy, who was known in the street as "Bilk Stocking Tommy," and Homaine have been working in partnership for some eighteen months at the wholesale department of Lord & Taylor's, and have been systematically stealing goods from the store.

They followed him up and last night arrested him in a saloon in West Twenty-second street, near Sixth avenue. He was surrounded by a group of women and was trying to escape with a bundle of goods.

He was taken to the Tombs and the goods were found in his possession. The Grand Jury recommended that he be sentenced to the State Prison for a term of not less than five years.

For his part, McKelroy confessed that he had been stealing from his employer for several months. He also said that Joe Homaine had been stealing from the store for a long time. The Grand Jury recommended that he be sentenced to the State Prison for a term of not less than five years.

The Grand Jury also recommended that the provisions of the Penal Code relative to the receiving of gratuities and rewards for doing or omitting to do official acts or the performance of official duty be amended so as to cover all cases where gratuities are received by officers or subordinates who are actually engaged in the performance of their duties.

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PULLING AGAINST THE TIDE.

Sheriff Sickles Trying to Run His
Office with Two Deputies.

"Legal Fees Only" a Blow to the
Fassett Committee's Alleged
Evils.

Gen. Sickles had two deputy sheriffs when he began business this morning. Deputy Charles P. Anderson having resigned, Sheriff Sickles had to run his office with two deputies.

The Order of Arrest Department has had a clerk, three deputies and a deputy clerk. It has been a very lucrative branch of the Sheriff's business, owing to the habit of lawyers of tipping a fee to the deputies of \$10 or more on every arrest.

Gen. Sickles has said there should be no more "tipping," and as the fees for arrests go to the Sheriff, the officer performing the work gets nothing, and when Gen. Sickles says that, the deputies are sure to object.

Agel, Deputy O. G. Stevens objected in strong language, but finally took one order and deputized his clerk, Dan Ferry, to execute it.

Deputy James Carragher took two and brought in as his first prisoner Gen. James H. Fassett, arrested in a suit brought by Edward Fassett for false imprisonment.

The order was issued by Judge O'Gorman, Superior Court, and bail was fixed for Gen. Fassett at \$10,000.

Now Tammany Hall seems to be having an inning and is making good use of the tide.

The County Democracy District-Attorney receives his pay over the knuckles from the Sheriff. He is a member of the Tammany Hall organization.

At the office of the agents a member of the firm said to an Evening World reporter: "I am hoping that the Panama may be pulled off shore without serious damage."

The Panama is a comparatively new vessel, built in England in 1881, and is very staunchly constructed. There are no passengers aboard.

The agents have no news as to how the vessel came to get ashore.

BIG STEAMER ASHORE.

The Panama Aground and in Dis-
tress Off Fire Island.

Fears That She Is Totally Disabled—
Tugs to Her Rescue.

SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD. FIRE ISLAND, April 3.—At daylight this morning a large steamer was sighted ashore at Jones Inlet off Fireport, L. I.

Later she was made out to be the steamship Panama of 2,000 tons burden.

Signals of distress were flying, and the steamer seemed to be totally disabled.

Several tugs put out to her assistance. The life-saving crew also are reported to have gone out in the life-boats to her.

They will have much difficulty in reaching her, as there is a heavy sea running.

The Panama was on her way to New York from Bordeaux, which port she left March 20 last. As nothing had been heard of her, it was feared that she had gone to the bottom, with crew and cargo.

As near as can be judged from shore she has met with terrific gales and possibly some vital damage, which disabled her and drove her ashore.

No definite information can be had until the tug return.

Funch, Edye & Co., of 27 South William street, are the agents to whom the Panama is consigned.

She is loaded with wines, and in charge of Capt. Schabert, an experienced officer.

At the office of the agents a member of the firm said to an Evening World reporter: "I am hoping that the Panama may be pulled off shore without serious damage."

LOOMIS OUT.

His Resignation as Street-Clean-
ing Commissioner Accepted.

Ex-Surveyor Hans S. Beattie Nomi-
nated to Succeed Him.

Street Cleaning Worried Him Too
Much, Mr. Loomis Tells Mayor
Grant.

Commissioner of Street Cleaning Horace Loomis resigned to-day, and Mayor Grant appointed Hans Stevenson Beattie in his place.

Mr. Loomis's letter of resignation was received by the Mayor this morning, and it was accepted.

He held his position in the Custom-House with Collector Magone all through President Cleveland's administration, resigning about a year ago, when his successor was appointed by President Harrison.

Since that time he has been occupied mostly with political organizations, having joined the Tammany Hall organization in the Thirtieth District about a year ago.

In November, 1886, an attempt was made by Louis Biral, a discharged Custom-House Inspector, to take Mr. Beattie's office, pistol in hand, while Mr. Beattie was sitting at his desk.

Without any warning the would-be assassin aimed his revolver at the Surveyor and fired several shots at him, wounding him in the groin and in the left hand.

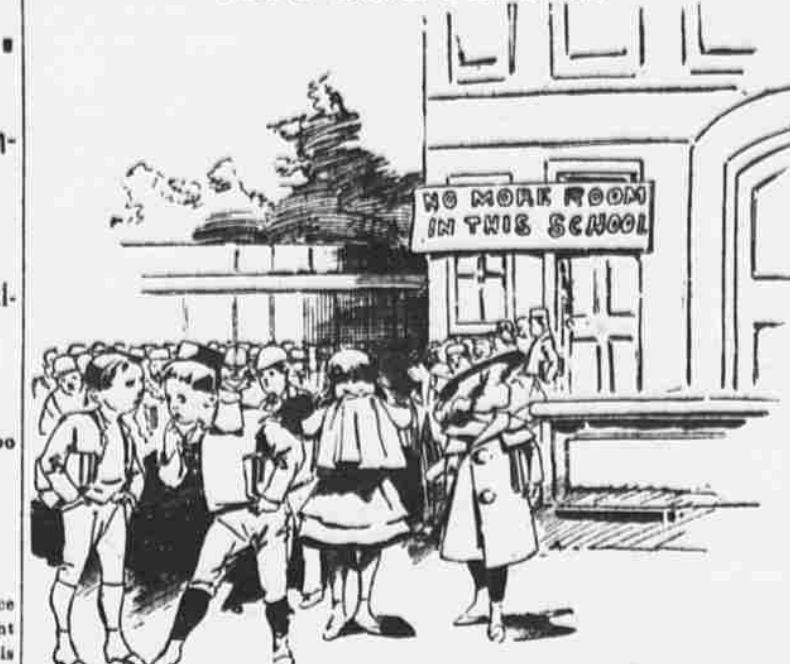
When the clerk in the adjoining office came in after hearing the shots fired they found Mr. Beattie lying unconscious on the floor and Biral standing over him, the smoking pistol in hand.

Although the Surveyor was dangerously wounded, his injuries were not so serious as first supposed. After several months' confinement in his house he fully recovered, Biral is now serving out his term in the State Prison.

While Mr. Beattie was the leader of the County Democracy in the Thirtieth District he became very prominent in National as well as local politics, and was regarded as one of the ablest political organizers in the city.

His judgment was relied upon by many men older than himself and even more prominent in political affairs. At that time he was Secretary of the County Democracy Executive and Ways and Means Committee, and was also secretary of the New Amsterdam Club.

SCHOOLS FOR THESE CHILDREN FIRST AND THEN YOUR PALACES.



That's What 1,200 Children in
the Nineteenth Ward Need.

Twelve hundred little tots are thronging the streets of the Nineteenth Ward because there is no room for them in the public schools which their parents help to sustain by contributions in every loaf of bread, every month's rent, every ton of coal that they pay for.

Yet the Board of Education figure before the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, in a plaintive whine, that the office building of the School Board, at Grand and Elm streets, is inadequate to their comfort and ask—and get—an appropriation of \$120,000 wherewith to purchase a site 100 by 125 feet at the southwest corner of Fifty-ninth street and Park avenue.

The public school has been called "the Bulwark of American Liberty," and the Board of Education has been deemed only the means to an end—the end being the education of our children.

But in this case the comfort of the Board seems to be paramount to the education of the youngsters—though it must not be forgotten that the years in which the lads and lassies may obtain the knowledge that will fit them for life's struggle are fast slipping away.

The Commissioners sadly learned that members of the Board have only one room, and sometimes one has to wait while another is in occupation of the room. The terrible, pathetic, but 1,200 children of the Nineteenth Ward are losing the opportunity for education which will never come again.

The Board proposes to lease for thirty-seven years, at \$7,000 a year, the old orphan asylum at Third avenue and Seventy-seventh street, and spend \$30,000 in refitting the building for its use as a school. The cost of \$30,000 is contemplated, and the building is on the city's own ground, leased to the asylum people for ninety-nine years, at \$1 a year.

And 1,200 children play lawfully "hooky" while the Board spends \$120,000 for ground on which to erect a palace for itself.

Mr. Beattie objected to accepting the position which is best with so many difficulties, and was prevailed upon by the Mayor's arguments.

His appointment was immediately certified to the Board of Health, which must confirm it, under the provisions of the Consolidation act.

Deputy Commissioner Edward P. Hagan and Chief Clerk Henry W. Beardsley were present in the Mayor's office when the new Commissioner received his commission.

PRICE ONE CENT.

LAST EDITION ROASTED ALIVE.

Six Horses Perish in a \$50,000 Fire
in Morrisania.

Bryan's Carriage Factory and
Three Houses Destroyed.

A Doctor's Fortunate Sick Call
Saved the Block from De-
struction.

James B. Bryan's carriage factory, 713 East One Hundred and Forty-fourth street, was burned to the ground early this morning, and with it nearly a score of finished wagons and nearly as many more vehicles in course of construction, besides valuable machinery and tools.

Six horses belonging to Contractor Noah H. Hoyt, which were in a stable in the rear of the factory, were roasted to death, and three frame buildings adjoining the factory, were wholly or in part destroyed, the entire loss being estimated at nearly \$50,000.

Dr. Daly, of One Hundred and Fifth street, was called out of his bed shortly after midnight to attend a patient.

He was returning home at 1:15 o'clock when he saw flames issuing from the carriage factory, which is a deep frame building, one story high, and with a front of 27 feet by a depth of 70 feet.

The fire, when the doctor saw it, was blazing from the rear door of the factory. The wind bore the flames towards the dwellings, but the doctor reached them first and snuffed out the fire.

The family tumbled out in haste to ask what was the matter. The house was already full of smoke, and so swift was the fire that the doctor had to leave the whole time to get out without saving a shred of anything before their house was also burning.

In less than five minutes the flames had reached across the alley and 719 was on fire. The shop of the fire-jobs was on the corner of the alley and the flames were already in the stable and the carriage factory.

The fire started from a defect in the furnace.

The loss is put at \$40,000. The dwellings Nos. 713, 719 and 719½ were wholly or partially destroyed, and the carriage factory was burned to the ground. The loss on this score is over \$50,000, and Contractor Hoyt's \$25,000. Had the shop of the fire-jobs been on the corner of the alley and the flames were already in the stable and the carriage factory.

How the fire started is not known. The shop of the fire-jobs was on the corner of the alley and the flames were already in the stable and the carriage factory.

Horrible Suicide of a Crazy Man
in New Jersey.

WORLD'S FAIR FUNERAL.

AGED GUNTHER KEIL DYING.

Handicrafts High License Bill Passed
by the Senate.

Warmer, and Rain To-Morrow.

The Quotations.

Local News in Brief.